

Average annual labor force statistics by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2012

	Civilian labor force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment rate
Maine total	706,097	654,501	51,596	7.3
U.S.	154,975,000	142,469,000	12,506,000	8.1
County				
Androscoggin	58,224	53,926	4,298	7.4
Aroostook	34,062	30,922	3,140	9.2
Cumberland	161,116	151,784	9,332	5.8
Franklin	14,313	12,976	1,337	9.3
Hancock	29,961	27,380	2,581	8.6
Kennebec	63,859	59,381	4,478	7.0
Knox	20,984	19,558	1,426	6.8
Lincoln	18,391	17,145	1,246	6.8
Oxford	28,689	26,068	2,621	9.1
Penobscot	79,103	72,964	6,139	7.8
Piscataquis	7,366	6,622	744	10.1
Sagadahoc	19,077	17,821	1,256	6.6
Somerset	24,831	22,407	2,424	9.8
Waldo	19,711	18,025	1,686	8.6
Washington	14,278	12,756	1,522	10.7
York	112,134	104,765	7,369	6.6
Public Health District				
Aroostook	34,062	30,922	3,140	9.2
Central	88,690	81,788	6,902	7.8
Cumberland	161,116	151,784	9,332	5.8
Downeast	44,239	40,136	4,103	9.3
Midcoast	78,163	72,549	5,614	7.2
Penquis	86,469	79,586	6,883	8.0
Western	101,226	92,970	8,256	8.2
York	112,134	104,765	7,369	6.6

Data Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

-US: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, 1940s to date. Accessed 8-29-13 from:

-Maine overall: States and selected areas: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, 1976 to 2012 annual averages. Accessed 9-30-13 from: <http://http://www.bls.gov/lau/staadata.txt>.

-Maine county data: Labor Force Data by County, 2012 Annual Averages. Accessed 9-30-13 from:

Employment consists of all persons who, during the reference week (the calendar week including the twentieth day of the month), (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployment consists of all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

The civilian labor force consists of all persons classified as employed or unemployed

Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls. BLS obtains estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older, which is the universe for labor force data, from the Census Bureau. These population estimates are used to adjust labor force level (that is, number-of-person) measures to be consistent with the Census Bureau's most up-to-date information on the distribution of population across states. Labor force level measures are controlled to the Census Bureau's statewide estimates of civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older. Estimates are not revised to reflect updated Census population controls in April 2012.